AN HUNDRED YEARS OF AMERICAN RULE

Celebration of the Centennial of the Louisiana Transfer.

NEW ORLEANS IS THE THEATER

Beylew of the French and Ameran Warships Anchored off the tire he day, Heard and Dis-tinguished Guests,

New Orleans, Dec. 19,-Under the amplices of the state of Louisiana, the the of New Orleans and the Louisiana Historical society, the series of official relebrations in commemoration of the contenual of the transfer of the Louis iana Territory from France to the United States was begun Friday, feature being the review by Gov. Heard and a party of distinguished guests of the French and American warships which have come here to seem in the ceremonies. Spain, which owned the territory before its custom to France, accepted an official institution, but her warship has not yet reached the city, and her participation will be through her consul here. It was on the 29th day of December, 4803 that the French flag fluttered down from its station on the flagstaff in the Piece de la Armes, opposite the Cabilco, in which the official transfer occurred and the Stars and Stripes were located and the ceremonies will col-micate on Sunday with a magnificent pentilleal mass in the Old St. Louis calledral. The grandsons of Gos Children and Gen. Williamson, who had a direct participation in the his-terical event of a hundred years ago, will be compicuous in the celebration. M. Juniserand, the French ambaisa-

der to the United States; President D.

It Francis and directors of the St. Louis fair, Jodge A. B. Routhier, of the exchenuer court of Canada, and Sir E. Tanacran, chief of the supreme court of the Dominion, have come to assist the franciscopies. in the celebration

In the celebration.

The United States government has continued Admiral Wise to represent the federal amburity. All the courts, public offices, and achoots have closed for the occasion. The celebration became with a reception at the city hall, where Mayor Capdeville received the distinuarished guests of the city and wate. At most the gavernor, the mayor and the visiting guests boarded the United States steamer. Stranger and United States steamer Stranger and steamed around the fleet anchoring tear the Minneapolic, the Barship of near the Minneapolis, the Business Allestral Wise's squadron. A number of efficial calls were then made be-tar, Heard and his stall,

OBSERVED IN TOWA

til the behoods of town telebrated

to the vehicle of first Celebrated Louisland Purchase textendial. Des Modies, Ia. Des 19.—One honored years and Proday occurred the fermal transfer of lova as a part of the Louisiana Territory to the United Materials In commenceation of that 1.79, 51,000 minutes of the Hawleys der the direction of Gov. Commins and Sorte Supt. Harrett, a 32-paire compilet was issued in October from the department of education and consists of every school in the state. It contained historical events, extracts from celebrated speeches, poems of wistern ploneer life and information inces was suspended and the day given up to a celebration of the purchase au-Addresses by prominent educators was a feature.

CAPTURED BY ST. LOUISANS.

Comes & Young, of M. Louis, the Successful Architects for Gov ernment Bullding in Frisco.

Washington, Dec. 19.-The board of architects selected to pass on the merits of the several competitive plans
submitted for the new customhouse
and sub-treasury buildings in San
Francisco has selected those presented
by Sames & Young, of St. Louis, Mo.
The arms will receive five new content.
The same will receive five new content. This firm will receive five per cent, of the intal amount to be expended, which

FROM FIFTH STORY WINDOW.

Two tilels Patally Injured While, With Others, Josephus to E-Death by Saffocation.

Dayton, O., Dec 19.—To escape death by suffocation, 12 girls leaped from the fifth-story windows of the Canby building Friday, several of them land-tus on the roof and skylights of a one-story building officing. The others were caught by Dr. Lambert who, by breating the force of their fall, saved probably six lives. The flames orig-laster in the baranest of the building

Complications of Present Day Life

By REV. R. A. WHITE, Distinguished Universalist Paster of Chicago.



IFE has become a tumult. The average man and woman is enmeshed in a complication of wants, necessities and confusions. Business has taken on complications that rob it of pleasure and threaten it with a constant uncertainty. We have become complex in our pleasures. Simple entertainment no longer satisfies. The stage, the press, art, fiction and music are all in a mad rush to create or find new sensations for a restless, dis-

satisfied patronage, burdened with many cares and oppressed by an indescribable ennui.

Our lack of simplicity in pleasures is quite equaled by our lack of simplicity in dress. More of life's happiness depends upon clothes than we drean of. Simple, tasteful dress scarcely exists any more. The sin against the Holy Chest is nothing compared with being destitute of the various suits in various styles prescribed by the latest convention of clothesmakers.

Turn where you will and life is confusion, tunult, lacking in the calm dignity and serene happiness of the days of our forefathers. Life is characterized by a complexity of wants and requirements which would have made the dames and squires of olden time stare, indeed. Many of these wants are legitimate and indicate a real growth in refinement and culture. But our modern life does not stop there. We are mad over superfluous wants. We are in full chase after things we do not

Now, what is the result of all this? First, there is not reas and genuine happiness in it. No one contends that life is happier under our new conditions than it was in the days of simple tastes and practices. Our women are not rosy and contended-looking; our young men breed wrinkles early. The more we have of this artificial, overstimulating side of our modern life the more we want. We are feverish with an artificial thirst.

This artificial life of ours is the cause of a good part of our modern dishonesties. It makes us pretend to be what we are not. To keep up appearances people wear clothes which they have not paid for and cannot afford. To march with the procession people cat food for which they have not paid the grocer, live in houses with rent in arrears and affect a style of life and living they have no visible means of supporting. From the snare of small debts brought on by expensive living many a man seeks to escape by uncertain speculations and finally by certain peculations.

How tired and sick everyone is of it all is shown by our annual summer or winter migrations to quiet places where we enjoy life in our shirt sleeves, live in board cottages on wholesome food, rise late and retire early and live for a few weeks like the human animals we are.

PERPETUAL MOTION TRAGEDY. er till it stopped. I tried that Aged Inventor Died Soon After His Machine Was Destroyet.

If there be any one negative proposition in mechanics that is held to be undeniable by the entire seientific world, it is that it is not possible to construct a perpetual motion machine. And by a per-petual motion machine, taking it in its simplest form is eacust a piece of mechanism which will re main indefinitely in continual motion solely by the action of the at-

traction of gravitation.

Nevertheless, says the New York Herald, no less a person than Mr. David M. Stone, who was for many years the editor of the Jour nal of Commerce, and whose per sonal character has always been above suspicion, is the authority for the positive statement that he had in his possession for several weeks, about 50 years ago, a machine of precisely that sort. He declared that the files of the Jourand facts concerning the exposition to be held at St. Louis next year. The plans and outlines suggested in the paraphile were carried out. In Des Meines, work in the schools and colnal of Commerce of about 1852 story from memory. "However," he declared, "I remember the facts

perfectly.
"About 1852 an old man, per haps 80 years old, brought the machine to my office to show to me. It was constructed about like this. I think there were six of the hollow arms. In each one was a little ball. The arms were not rigidly fixed, but had a little play. on the right were always an inchor served with due formality, espe-so further from the center than cially in country districts. While those on the left, and they coun- the barber is at his task a dancing terbalanced the weight of the arms themselves. The whole machine was always, therefore, heav ier on the right than on the left. and so it always revolved. I think the girls for preservation in one there was also a spring in each arm that helped the reaction of the ball, but I cannot recollect the small white linen cloth as a presarrangement of the springs.

"Then there was a pendulum that was geared to regulate the speed. If that was disconnected the machine went faster and faster till the centrifugal force kept all the little balls at one spot, and inster in the basement of the building then it would go slower and slow

once and started it again with my finger

"Well, I kept that machine in my office for several weeks, under my own private lock, to make sure that there was no trick about it. and it went right along. The Journal of Commerce printed an account of it, and was ridiculed unmercifully in consequence, but the machine kept right on going.

"Then the old man exhibited it at a fair in New Jersey, charging a small entrance fee, and some loeat scientific men-1 think one of them was a Princeton professorhad him agrested for taking monsy under false pretenzes. He was arraigned and the justice of the peace asked him what defense he had, and the old man said his only defense was that the machine did what he claimed. The justice was angry and asked him how he dared say that when these eminent gentimen swore that there must be a spring in it or it wouldn't go.

"And the old man said: 'I have worked at it for 40 years, and there is no spring in it, and it does

es they got an ax and chopped it up, and there was a great silence, for there was no spring. And the old man picked up the fragments and went away with the tears rolling down his face. And he died soon after."

In Bulgaria.

The shaving of the bridegroom on his wedding day is a Bulgarian custom which, handed down from pre-Christian days, is still obcrowd of young folks surround him and the bridegroom. As the latter's hair is cut the snippings are carefully collected by some of of the bride's chests. The burber, when his work is done, receives a ent, and also a trifling sum of money from each person there, Then the bridegroom kisses the hands of all the girls, washes his face and dons his wedding dress, which must first be carefully weighed three times by one of the



tells how she was permanently cured of inflammation of the ovaries, and escaped the surgeon's knife, by the use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

The universal indications of the approach of woman's great enemy, inflammation and disease of the ovaries, are a duil throbbing pain, accompanied by a sense of tenderness and heat low down in the side, with occasional shooting pains. On examination it may be found that the region of pain will show some swelling. This is the first stage of inflammation of the ovaries.

"Dean Mas. Pinkhant:—I wish to express my gratitude for the restored health and happiness Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has brought into my life.

"I had suffered for three years with terrible pains at the time of menstruation, and did not know what the trouble was until the doctor pronounced it inflammation of the ovaries, and proposed an operation.

"I felt so weak and sick that I felt sure that I could not survive the ordeal, and so I told him that I would not undergoit. The following week I read an advertisement in the paper of your Vegetable Compound in such an emergency, and so I decided to try it. Great was my joy to find that I actually improved after taking two bottles, so I kept taking it for ten weeks, and at the end of that time I was cured. I had gained eighteon pounds and was in excellent health, and am now.

"You surely deserve great success, and you have my very best wishes."—Miss Alice Balley, 50 North Boulevard, Atlanta, Ga.

Another woman saved from a surgical operation by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. Read what she says:—

"Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—I cannot thank you enough for what your Vegetable Compound has done for me. If it had not been for your medicine, I think I would have died.

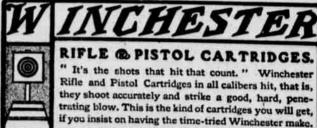
"I will tell you how I suffered. I could hardly walk, was unable to skep or eat. Menstruation was liregular. At last I had to atay in my bed, and flowed so hadly that they sent for a dector, who said I had instantiant of the ovaries, and must go through an operation, as no medicine could help me, but I could not do that.

"I received a little book of yours, and after reading it. I concluded to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and I am now a well woman. I shall praise your medicine was."—Mrs. Minnie Orroson, Otho, Iowa.

Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and be well.

All sick women would be wise if they would take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and be well.





NO MONEY TILL CURED. 25 YEARS ESTABLISHED We send FREE and postgraid a 190 ongs treatine as Piles, Fattel and Diseases of the Sections at 100 ongs treatine as Piles, Fattel and Diseases of the Sections at 100 ongs of the Section and Sections at 100 ongs of the Section at 100 ongs of the Sec

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